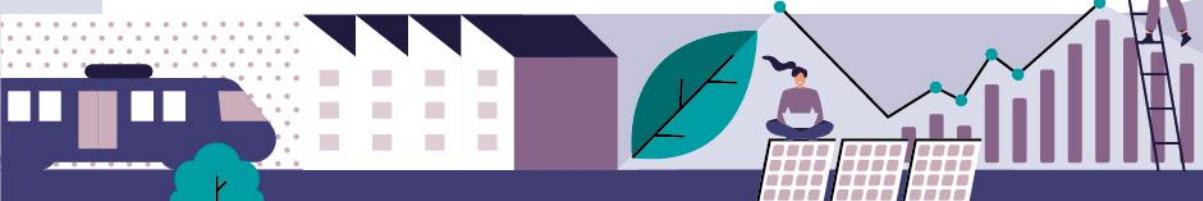


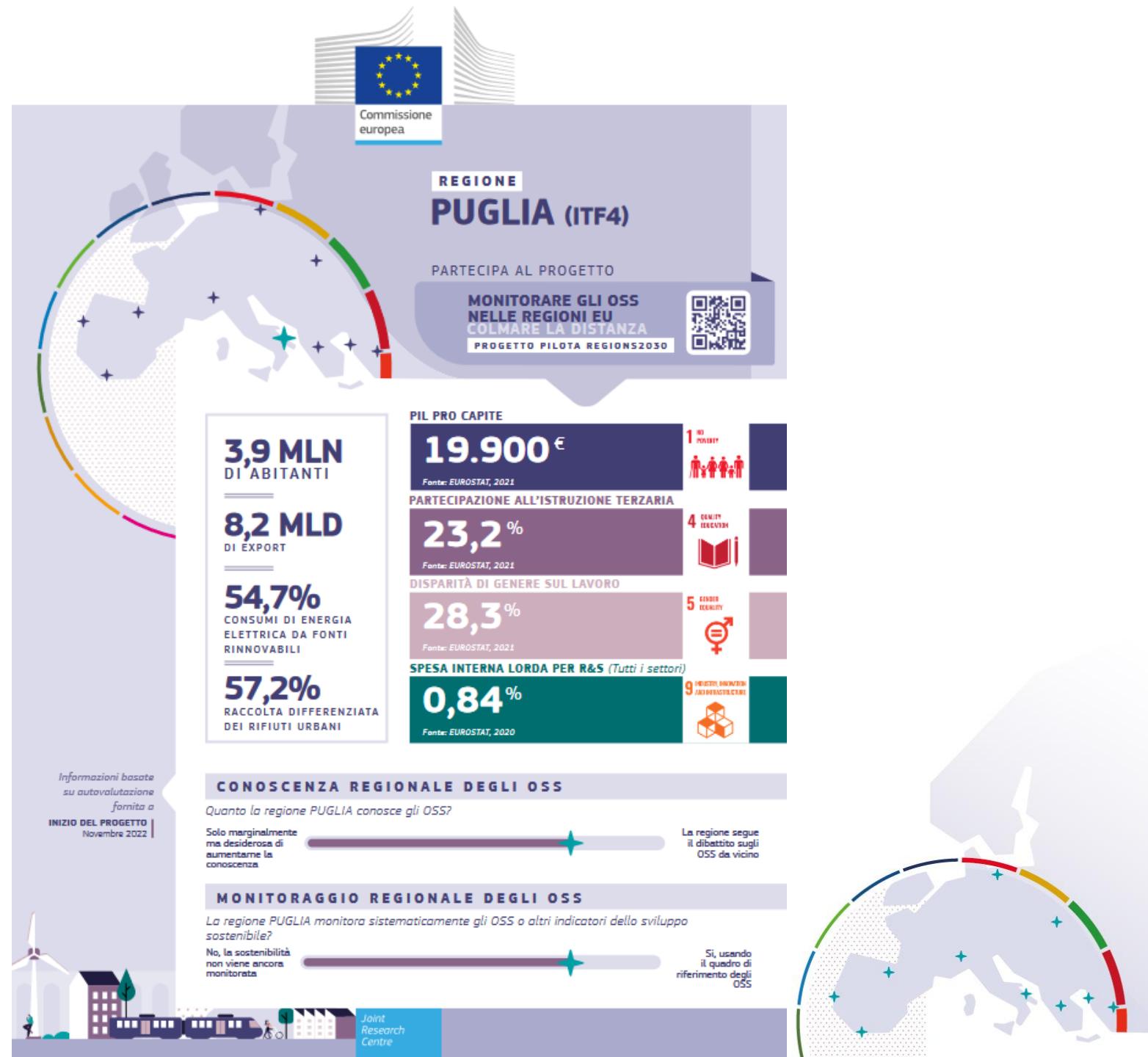
LA REGIONE PUGLIA NEL PROGETTO REGIONS2030

REGIONS2030: IL PIEMONTE
VERSO GLI OBIETTIVI DI SVILUPPO
SOSTENIBILE DI AGENDA 2030

02/10/2023



La Puglia: un quadro di sintesi



La Puglia: motivazioni, obiettivi, sfide



Indicatori proposti dal JRC: caso Puglia

Indicatori proposti dal JRC per SDG
e disponibilità per la Puglia

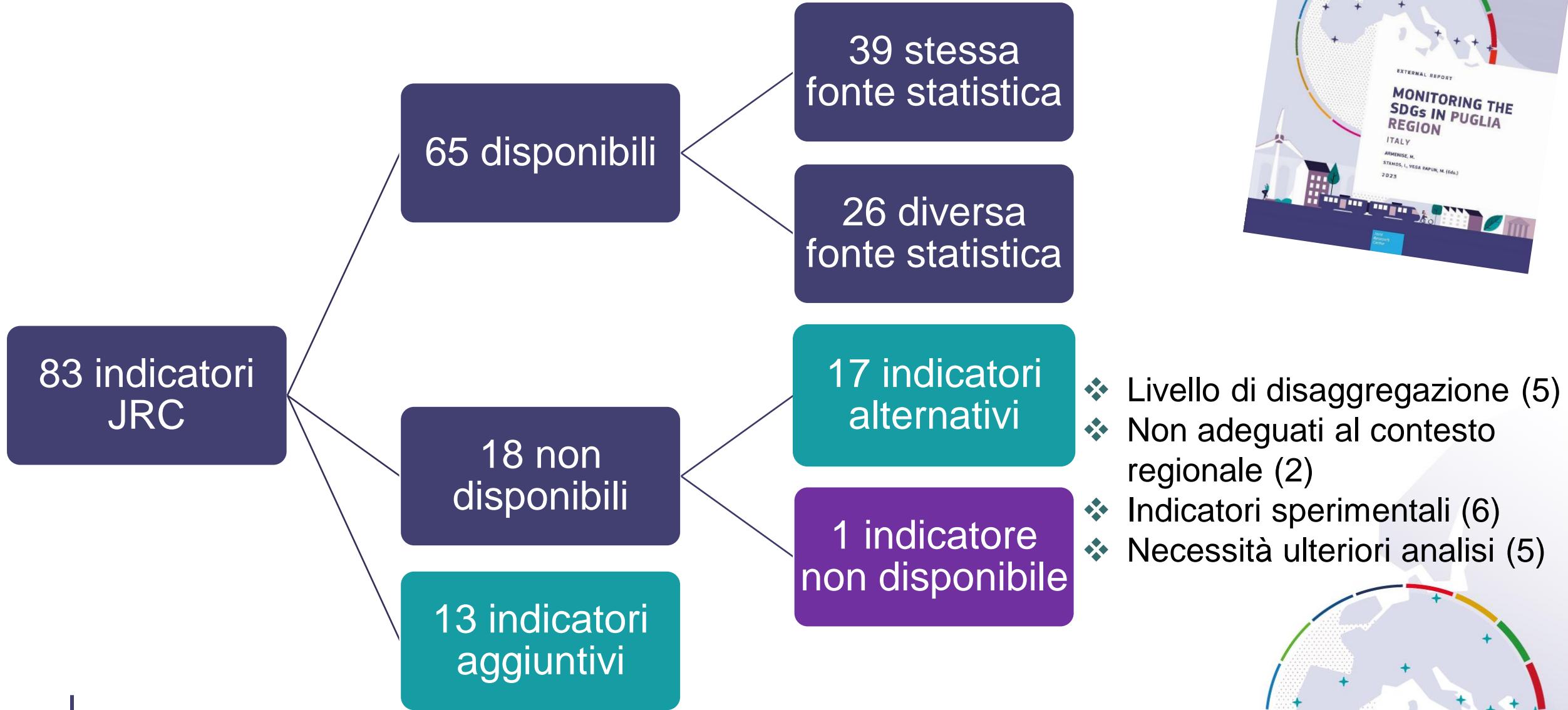
| SDGs | Data indicators available | Data indicators Not available | Number indicators |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| SDG 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| SDG 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| SDG 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| SDG 4 | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| SDG 5 | 6 | 1 | 7 |
| SDG 6 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| SDG 7 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| SDG 8 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| SDG 9 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| SDG 10 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| SDG 11 | 7 | 2 | 9 |
| SDG 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| SDG 13 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| SDG 14 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| SDG 15 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| SDG 16 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| SDG 17 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| TOTAL | 65 | 18 | 83 |

Indicatori disponibili per la Puglia per SDG
e fonte

| Goal | Number of indicators with data available and collected | Identical source JRC | Not identical source JRC |
|---------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------|
| SDG 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| SDG 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| SDG 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| SDG 4 | 7 | 6 | 1 |
| SDG 5 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| SDG 6 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| SDG 7 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| SDG 8 | 10 | 8 | 2 |
| SDG 9 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| SDG 10 | 1 | 1 | |
| SDG 11 | 7 | 4 | 3 |
| SDG 12 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| SDG 13 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| SDG 15 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| SDG 16 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| SDG 17 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| TOTAL | 65 | 39 | 26 |

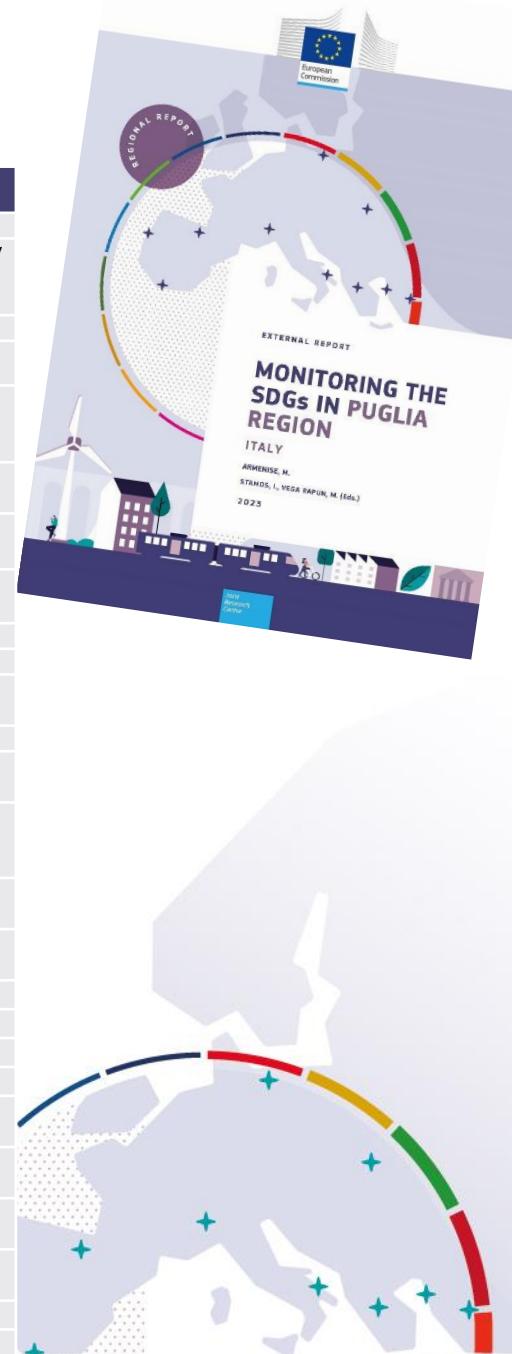


Dagli 83 indicatori JRC ai 95 del caso Puglia



26 indicatori con diversa fonte statistica

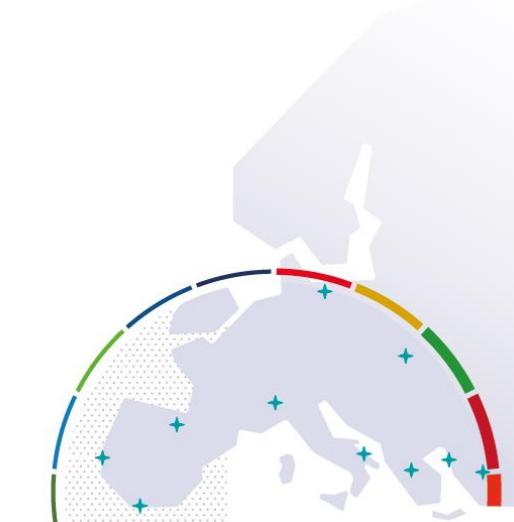
| SDG | Indicator Name | SDG Target(s) | Original JRC Source | Source |
|-----|---|---|--|---|
| 2 | Gross Value Added (GVA) of agriculture, livestock and fishing | 2.3 (agricultural productivity) | Eustat (Instituto Vasco de Estadística) | ISTAT |
| 2 | Organic farming: areas with different crops | 2.4 (sustainable food production) | Eurostat, Regional Statistics | Ministry of Agricultural, Food and Forestry Policies National information system on organic agriculture (Sinab) |
| 2 | Overweight rate | 2.2 (end malnutrition) | Public Health Agency of Sweden | ISTAT |
| 3 | Deaths due to Covid-19 | 3.3 (epidemics and diseases) | CNE (National Centre of Epidemiology) | Eurostat, Regional Statistics |
| 4 | Women 30-34 years old with higher education level | 4.5 (gender and other disparities in education), 4.6 (youth and adult literacy) | Eustat (Instituto Vasco de Estadística) | Eurostat, Regional Statistics |
| 5 | Fatal victims of gender-based violence at the hands of their partners or ex partners | 5.2 (gender violence) | INE (National Statistics Institute) | Istat |
| 5 | Victims of violence against women | 5.2 (gender violence) | Ministry of Equality | Istat |
| 5 | Women in parliament and government | 5.5 (women participation and leadership) | INE (National Statistics Institute) | ISTAT |
| 6 | Water bodies that exceed a standardized quality rating | 6.3 (water quality) | NILSA (Navarra de Infraestructuras Locales) | Istituto Protezione Ambiente (ISPRA) |
| 6 | Groundwater that exceed a standardized quality rating | 6.3 (water quality) | NILSA (Navarra de Infraestructuras Locales) | Istituto Protezione Ambiente (ISPRA) |
| 7 | Electricity production that comes from renewable sources | 7.2 (share of renewable energy) | Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) | ISTAT |
| 7 | Energy intensity | 7.3 (energy efficiency) | Euskadi Energia | ISTAT |
| 8 | Occupational accidents | 8.8 (labour rights) | National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (SPAIN) | ISTAT |
| 8 | Firm creation | 8.3 (job creation) | Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) | Eurostat, Regional Statistics |
| 9 | GVA of the industry with respect to the GVA of the total sectors (current price) | 9.2 (sustainable industrialization) | INE (National Statistics Institute) | OECD |
| 9 | Employment in high-technology manufacturing as a percentage of total manufacturing employment | 9.5 (promote innovation) | Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) | Eurostat, Regional Statistics |
| 11 | Land use | 11.3 (sustainable urbanization) | European Commission, Joint Research Centre | LUCAS – EUROSTAT |
| 11 | PM2.5 Emissions | 11.6 (environmental impact) | European Commission, Joint Research Centre | Istat |
| 11 | Household and commercial waste generation per inhabitant | 11.6 (environmental impact) | Statistics Portugal | Istat |
| 12 | Hazardous Waste | 12.4 (chemical management) | INE (National Statistics Institute) | Istat |
| 13 | Greenhouse Gas Emissions | 13.2 (climate change measures into policy) | Department of Tourism/Economics of the Regional Government | OECD |
| 15 | Terrestrial protected areas as a percentage of total area | 15.5 (degradation of habitats) | Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) | Istituto Protezione Ambiente (ISPRA) |
| 15 | Land Abandonment | 15.1 (restoration of ecosystems) | European Commission, Joint Research Centre | LUCAS – EUROSTAT |
| 15 | Forest area over total surface area | 15.1 (restoration of ecosystems) | Ministry for the Ecological Transition and the Demographic Challenge | FAO-INFC Global Forest Resources Assessment |
| 16 | Participation in the last elections | 16.6 (effective institutions) | INE (National Statistics Institute) | OECD |
| 17 | Imports from developing countries | 17.12 (imports from least developed countries) | Own elaboration (regional government) | ISTAT |



I 18 indicatori non disponibili

I 18 indicatori per i quali non è stato possibile reperire dati sono stati sostituiti da indicatori in grado di:

- ❖ rispettare lo stesso obiettivo
 - ❖ utilizzare dati ufficiali provenienti da fonti statistiche nazionali: riproducibili per tutte le regioni italiane
 - ❖ **riflettere le strategie regionali e le peculiarità regionali**
- Solo per uno dei 18 indicatori non sono state trovate alternative valide (Official Development Assistance)



I 2 indicatori non adeguati al contesto regionale

- ❖ “Electricity production that comes from nuclear power” (SDG 7) → come per tutte le altre regioni italiane
- ❖ “Estuarine with high water quality” (SDG 14) – caso specifico per la regione – blue economy



I 17 indicatori alternativi

| SDG | Indicator Name | SDG Target(s) | Non-fit for purpose | Fit - No data | Alternative indicator |
|-----|---|---|---------------------|---------------|--|
| 1 | Affected people due to disasters | 1.5 (exposure to vulnerability) | | X | Population exposed to water floods |
| 1 | Material and social deprivation | 1.1 (extreme poverty) | | X | Severe material deprivation rate |
| 3 | Self reported unmet needs for medical examination | 3.c (health financing and recruitment) | | X | Unmet needs for medical examination |
| 5 | Inactive population rate due to caregiving responsibilities | 5.4 (unpaid work) | | X | Ratio of employment rate for women aged 25-49 with at least one child aged 0-5 to the employment rate of women 25-49 years without children, multiplied by 100 |
| 6 | Population served by safely managed drinking water supply services | 6.3 (water quality) | | X | Percentage of households who report irregularities in water supply |
| 6 | Population connected to wastewater with at least secondary treatment | 6.3 (water quality) | | X | Urban water treatment plants in operation by type of secondary/advanced treatment |
| 7 | Electricity production that comes from nuclear power | 7.1 (access to energy) | X | | Consumption of electricity from renewable resources in for transports (share of the final gross energy consumption) |
| 7 | People affected by energy poverty | 7.2 (share of renewable energy) | | X | Consumers' satisfaction about the Electricity providers' services |
| 10 | Unemployment of people with disabilities | 10.2 (inclusion irrespective of status) | | X | Net Entry rate in the job market of people with disabilities |
| 11 | Transport performance | 11.2 (access to transport systems) | | X | Seats/ km offered by the local public transport service |
| 11 | Difference between built-up area growth rate and population growth rate | 11.3 (sustainable urbanization) | | X | Marginal land consumption |
| 12 | Carbon footprint | 12.2 | | X | Domestic material consumption |
| 12 | Food waste | 12.3 (reduce food waste) | | X | Regional Food Waste |
| 14 | Estuarine with high/very high water quality | 14.1 (reduce marine pollution) | X | | Beached marine waste |
| 14 | Protected coastal area as a percentage of total coastal area | 14.5 (coastal and marine areas) | | X | Protected Marine Areas |
| 14 | Coastal areas with good/very good water quality | 14.5 (coastal and marine areas) | | X | Coastal bathing waters |
| 16 | Transparency index | 16.6 (effective institutions) | | X | Composite index of service accessibility |



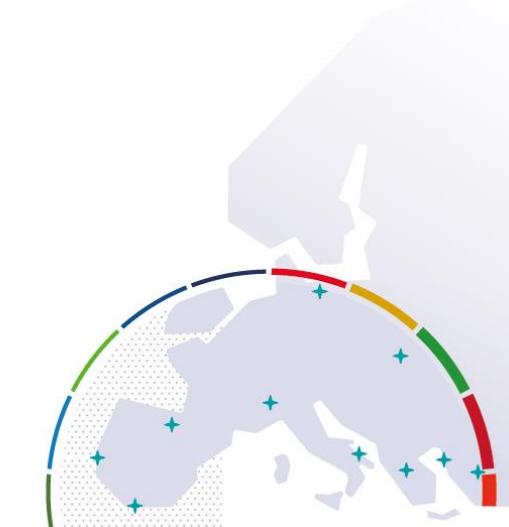
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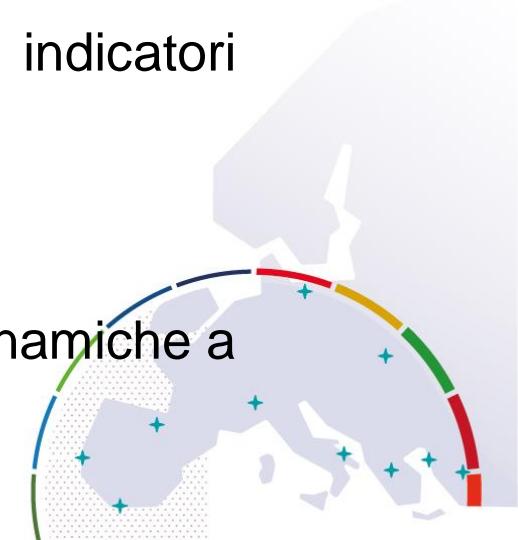
I 13 indicatori aggiuntivi specifici per il contesto

| SDG | Indicator Name | SDG Target(s) | Strategia regionale di riferimento |
|-----|---|--|--|
| 4 | Percentage of seats authorized in socio-educational services for early childhood on children aged 0-2 | 4.4 | Strategia regionale Povertà educativa |
| 4 | Individual who have basic or above basic overall digital skills | 4.2 | Puglia Digitale 2030 |
| 6 | Urban water supply network efficiency | 6.4.1 - Change in water-use efficiency over time | Blue Economy |
| 8 | Share of person not in regular occupation | 8.3 | Agenda per il Lavoro |
| 9 | Share of manufacturing value added of small-scale manufacturing enterprises on the total manufacturing v.a. | 9.3 | S3 |
| 12 | Tourism intensity index | 12.b tourism sustainability | Puglia3x6x5 - Strategie di Turismo e Cultura |
| 12 | Impact of tourism on waste | 12.b tourism sustainability | Puglia3x6x5 - Strategie di Turismo e Cultura |
| 12 | Cultural demand index | 12.b tourism sustainability | PiiL CULTURA IN PUGLIA - Piano Strategico della Cultura della Regione Puglia |
| 12 | Share of employment in cultural and creative sectors | 12.b tourism sustainability | PiiL CULTURA IN PUGLIA - Piano Strategico della Cultura della Regione Puglia |
| 13 | Concern for climate change | 13.3 | Strategia Regionale di Adattamento ai Cambiamenti Climatici - |
| 15 | Fragmentation of natural and agricultural land | 15.3 | Strategia sulla Biodiversità e PAF per Rete Natura 2000 |
| 16 | Perception of safety walking alone in the dark | 16.1 | Agenda di genere |
| 17 | Foreign workers' remittances | 17.3 | #mareAsinistra |



Considerazioni generali

- ❖ Il set di indicatori fornito dal JRC per monitorare gli obiettivi di sviluppo sostenibile a livello regionale sembra **offrire una panoramica adeguata del raggiungimento degli obiettivi regionali**
- ❖ È stato possibile raccogliere e analizzare i dati per 65 indicatori sugli 83 individuati:
 - 39 sono perfettamente in linea con la fonte di dati suggerita
 - per i restanti 26 è stato necessario utilizzare fonti di dati alternative, ma sempre basate su statistiche ufficiali
- ❖ **Tutti gli obiettivi sono stati coperti dai dati raccolti**, mediante anche indicatori sostitutivi e/o aggiuntivi (caso dell'SDG 14)
- ❖ L'80% dei dati raccolti proviene da fonti statistiche ufficiali
- ❖ Le serie storiche sono sufficientemente ampie da consentire l'analisi delle dinamiche a breve e lungo termine



Considerazioni finali

- ❖ Il Progetto ha sapientemente **calibrato un approccio top-down** (set di indicatori del JRC) **con quello bottom-up** (proposte integrative delle Regioni pilota)
- ❖ Nel monitoraggio del raggiungimento degli SDGs è infatti importante considerare le **specifiche variabilità territoriali**
- ❖ Complessivamente, il caso studio della Puglia ha restituito la fotografia su **95 indicatori di monitoraggio**



Evento regionale in Puglia: 5 ottobre

❖ SESSIONE 1:

SEMINARIO

“Regional Sustainable Development Strategy: its implementation and monitoring of the SDGs”

❖ SESSIONE 2:

CAPACITY-BUILDING

“Data supporting policies in regional strategies”



Grazie per l'attenzione

Annamaria Fiore, PhD

Responsabile Area strategica «Ricerca economica e informazione statistica»

ARTI – Agenzia Regionale per la Tecnologia e l’Innovazione

Regione Puglia

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in collaborazione con **Massimo Armenise**, Istat, esperto JRC



