

NATURA 2000 - STANDARD DATA FORM

DRAFT exported from Reportnet 3 - [18/12/2025]
Garzaia di Carisio (IT1120005 - SPA/SCI)

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1. Site identification

1.1 Site type

C

1.2 Site code

IT1120005

1.3 Site name

Garzaia di Carisio

1.3.1 Site name non-latin alphabet (optional)

1.4 Respondent

1.4.1 Name of the organisation

Regione Piemonte - Direzione Ambiente,
Energia, Territorio - Settore Biodiversità e
Aree Naturali

1.4.2 Contact point in the organisation (optional)

1.4.3 Postal address

Piazza Piemonte, 1 - 10127 Torino

1.4.4 Functional mailbox email address

biodiversita@regione.piemonte.it

1.4.5 Website with contact information

<https://www.regione.piemonte.it/web/temi/ambiente-territorio/biodiversita-aree-naturali/rete-natura-2000>

1.5 Site classification/proposal/designation dates

1.5.1 Date site first classified as SPA

2000-08

1.5.2 SPA classification act (URI or free text)

D.G.R. n.37-28804 del 29/11/1999

1.5.3 Date site first proposed as SCI

1995-09

Date confirmed as SCI

populated by EEA on behalf of the European Commission

1.5.4 Date site designated as SAC

2017-02

1.5.5 SAC designation act (URI or free text)

<https://www.gazzettaufficiale.it/eli/gu/2017/02/24/46/sg/pdf>

1.5.6 Explanations (optional)

2. Site location

2.1 Location calculated by the European Environment Agency

Longitude

calculated by the EEA after release in
Reportnet 3

Latitude

calculated by the EEA after release in Reportnet 3

2.1.1 Area (ha)

103

2.1.2 Reason for area difference with spatial dataset (if any)

2.1.3 Reason for area difference – explanations

2.2 Administrative region (optional)

2.2.1 Administrative region code	2.2.2 Administrative region name
ITC1	PIEMONTE

2.3 Biogeographical and marine regions

2.3.1 Region code	2.3.2 Percentage	Fully marine SCI/SAC (100 %) must be attributed to a biogeographical
Continental	100	Continental

3. Ecological information

3.1 Habitat types of Annex I of council directive 92/43/EEC present on the site

3.1.a Essential information (habitat type)

Annex I habitat types							
3.1.1		3.1.2	3.1.3	3.1.4	3.1.5	3.1.6	3.1.7
Code	Name	Priority form	Not present	Cover [ha]	Caves [number]	Method cover	Last data collection
3270	Rivers with muddy banks with Chenopodium rubri p.p. and Bidention p.p. vegetation	No		0.1		limited	
6430	Hydrophilous tall herb fringe communities of plains and of the montane to alpine levels	No		0.1		veryLimited	
91E0	Alluvial forests with Alnus glutinosa and Fraxinus excelsior (Alno-Padion, Alnion incanae, Salicion albae)	No		5.67		limited	

Priority Form: For habitat types 6210, 7130, 9430 priority depends on the habitat characteristics. Indicated as Yes/No.

Not Present: Indicates whether the habitat type is no longer present (noLongerPresent) on the site, or its re-establishment is planned (reEstablishment).

Cover: Shows the size of habitat type as decimal values.

Caves: For habitat types 8310 and 8330 (caves), the number of caves can be entered when a surface area is not available or appropriate.

Method used for cover: Method used for cover: complete = complete survey or a statistically robust estimate; limited = based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data; insufficient = insufficient or no data available

Last data collection: Date or period of the last data collection.

3.1.b Site assessment (habitat type)

3.1.1		3.1.2	3.1.8	3.1.9	3.1.10	3.1.12.1	3.1.12.2	3.1.12.3	3.1.13	3.1.14	3.1.15	3.1.16
Code	Name	Priority form	Significance	Representativity	Relative surface	Conservation	Conservation area	Conservation method	Conservation objectives	Objectives further explanation	Global	Update date
3270	Rivers with muddy banks with <i>Chenopodium rubri</i> p.p. and <i>Bidenton</i> p.p. vegetation	No	non-significant									202412
6430	Hydrophilous tall herb fringe communities of plains and of the montane to alpine levels	No	non-significant									202412
91E0	Alluvial forests with <i>Alnus glutinosa</i> and <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> (Alno-Padion, <i>Alnion incanae</i> , <i>Salicion albae</i>)	No	significant	C	C	C					C	202412

Priority Form: For habitat types 6210, 7130, 9430 priority depends on the habitat characteristics. Indicated as Yes/No.

Significance: Indicates if the occurrence is significant or not.

Representativity: Degree of representativity of the habitat type on the site: A = excellent; B = good; C = significant

Relative Surface: Area of the site covered by the habitat type in relation to the total area covered by that habitat type within the national territory, assigned to following percentage classes: A1 = 75-100%; A2 = 50-75%; A3 = 25-50%; A4 = 15-25%; B = 2-15%; C = smaller than 2%.

Conservation: Degree of conservation: A = excellent (nearly all of the habitat area in good condition); B = good (most of the habitat area in good condition); C = reduced (most of the habitat area in not good condition); X = unknown (most or all of the habitat area in unknown condition).

Conservation area: Area of conservation degree categories in good (A + B), not good (C), unknown (X) conditions as hectare values.

Conservation method: Method used for degree of conservation: complete = Complete survey or statistically robust estimate in hectares (for example taken from mapping in management plans); limited = Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data (expert judgement); veryLimited = Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data (based on partial mapping data); insufficient = Insufficient or no data available.

Conservation objectives: prevent = Prevent deterioration; maintain = Maintain the habitat type's surface area and its good condition; enlarge = Enlarge the area of the habitat type; improve = Improve the habitat type condition; reestablish = Re-establish the habitat type; other = Other.

Global: Global assessment of the habitat type in the site: A = excellent; B = good; C = significant.

Updated date: Date or period of the last update.

3.2 Species referred to in Article 4 of Directive 2009/147/EC and species listed in Annex II to Directive 92/43/EEC present on the site

3.2.a Essential information (species)

Species			Population in the site								
3.2.1	3.2.2		3.2.4	3.2.5	3.2.6	3.2.7.1	3.2.7.1	3.2.7.2	3.2.8	3.2.9	3.2.10
Group	Code	Scientific name	Sensitive	Not present	Type	Size min	Size max	Unit	Abundance	Mehod Populaton size	Last data collection
B	A229	Alcedo atthis			r				C	insufficient	
B	A229	Alcedo atthis			p				P	insufficient	
B	A028	Ardea cinerea			r	369	369	p		complete	
B	A024	Ardeola ralloides			r	21	21	p		complete	
B	A025	Bubulcus ibis			r	21	21	p		complete	
B	A082	Circus cyaneus			w				R	insufficient	
B	A026	Egretta garzetta			r	862	862	i		complete	

B	A338	Lanius collurio	r			P	insufficient
B	A073	Milvus migrans	r	1	1	p	complete
B	A023	Nycticorax nycticorax	r	580	580	i	complete
I	1060	Lycaena dispar	p			P	insufficient
P	1898	Eleocharis carniolica	p			V	insufficient

Group: The taxonomic group to which the species belongs: A = Amphibians; B = Birds; F = Fish; Fu = Fungi; I = Invertebrates; L = Lichens; M = Mammals; P = Plants including bryophytes and algae; R = Reptiles.

Sensitive: Species indicated with “true” are classified as sensitive.

Not Present: Indicates whether the species is no longer present (noLongerPresent) on the site, or its re-establishment is planned (reEstablishment).

Type: Population type of species in the site: p = Permanent: to be found throughout the year on the site (non-migratory species, plants, resident population of migratory species); r = Reproducing: uses the site to raise young (e.g. breeding, nesting); c = Concentration: site used for staging or roosting or migration stop/over or for moulting outside the breeding grounds and excluding wintering; w = Wintering: uses the site during the winter.

Unit: The unit of population size values, the standard is i = individuals, p = pairs. For exceptions see reference portal.

Abundance: Abundance category to be provided if no number of population size is available: C = Common; R = Rare, V = Very rare; P = Present.

Method Population size: Method used for population size: complete = complete survey or a statistically robust estimate; limited = based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data; veryLimited = Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data; insufficient = insufficient or no data available.

Last data collection: Date or period of the last data collection.

3.2.b Site assessment (species)

3.2.1	3.2.2	3.2.3	3.2.6	3.2.11	3.2.12	3.2.13	3.2.14	3.2.15	3.2.15.2	3.2.15.3	3.2.16	3.2.17	3.2.18	3.2.19	3.2.20
Group	Code	Scientific Name	Type	Significance	SPA classification	Population	Population further explanation	Conservation	Conservation occupied % area (optional)	Conservation occupied % class	Conservation objectives	Objectives further explanation	Isolation	Global	Update date
B	A229	Alcedo atthis	r	significant		C		B					C	C	202412
B	A229	Alcedo atthis	p	significant		C		B					C	C	202412
B	A028	Ardea cinerea	r	significant		C		B					C	B	202412
B	A024	Ardeola ralloides	r	significant		C		B					C	B	202412
B	A025	Bubulcus ibis	r	significant		C		B					C	B	202412
B	A082	Circus cyaneus	w	non-significant											202412
B	A026	Egretta garzetta	r	significant		B		B					C	B	202412
B	A338	Lanius collurio	r	significant		B		B					C	B	202412
B	A073	Milvus migrans	r	significant		C		B					C	B	202412
B	A023	Nycticorax nycticorax	r	significant		B		B					C	B	202412
I	1060	Lycaena dispar	p	significant		C		B					C	B	202412
P	1898	Eleocharis carniolica	p	significant		C		C					C	C	202412

Group: The taxonomic group to which the species belongs: A = Amphibians; B = Birds; F = Fish; Fu = Fungi; I = Invertebrates; L = Lichens; M = Mammals; P = Plants including bryophytes and algae; R = Reptiles.

Significance: Indicates if the occurrence is significant or not.

SPA classification: Alndicate if the bird species met the ornithological criteria used to justify SPA classification.

Population: Size and density of the population of the species present on the site in relation to the populations present within national territory, assigned to following percentage classes: A1 = 75-100%; A2 = 50-75%; A3 = 25-50%; A4 = 15-25%; B = 2-15%; C = smaller than 2%.

Conservation: Degree of conservation: A = excellent (nearly all of the habitat occupied by the species has sufficient quality); B = good (most of the habitat occupied by the species has sufficient quality); C = reduced (most of the habitat occupied by the species has non-sufficient quality); X = unknown (most of the habitat occupied by the species has unknown quality).

Conservation objectives: prevent = Prevent deterioration; maintain = Maintain the extent and good quality of the habitat of the species and the population size; enlarge = Enlarge area of the habitat of the species; improve = Improve the quality of the habitat of the species (considering also disturbance and mortality factors); reestablish = Re-establish habitat for the species; increase = Increase the population size; reduce = Reduce pressure on the population (e.g. reduce mortality or disturbance); reestablishPopulation = Re-establish the population at the site; other = Other.

Isolation: Degree of isolation: A = population (almost) isolated, B = population not-isolated, but on the margins of are of distribution, C = population not-isolated within extended distribution range.

Global: Global assessment of the species in the site: A = excellent; B = good; C = significant.

Global: Date or period of the last update.

3.3 Other important species of flora and fauna (optional)

3.3.1 Group	3.3.2 Code	3.3.3 Scientific name	3.3.4 Sensitive	3.3.5 Not present	3.3.6.1 Size min	3.3.6.1 Size max	3.3.6.2 Population unit	3.3.7 Abundance
A	6962	Bufotes viridis Complex		no				P
A	5358	Hyla intermedia		no				P
A	6976	Pelophylax esculentus		no				P
I		Apatura ilia		no				P
I	6182	Sympecma paedisca		no				P
I		Sympetrum depressiusculum		no				P
R	5670	Hierophis viridiflavus		no				P
R	5179	Lacerta bilineata		no				P
R	1256	Podarcis muralis		no				P

Group: The taxonomic group to which the species belongs: A = Amphibians; B = Birds; F = Fish; Fu = Fungi; I = Invertebrates; L = Lichens; M = Mammals; P = Plants including bryophytes and algae; R = Reptiles.

Code: For Birds, Annex II, IV and V species the code from the official code list as provided in the reference portal..

Sensitive: Species indicated with “true” are classified as sensitive.

Not present: Indicates whether the species is no longer present (noLongerPresent) on the site.

Unit: The unit of population size values, the standard is i = individuals, p = pairs. For exceptions see reference portal.

Abundance: Abundance category to be provided if no number of population size is available: C = Common; R = Rare, V = Very rare; P = Present.

3.3.8 Motivation

Code	Name	H.D. Annex II	H.D. Annex IV	H.D. Annex V	B.D. Annex I	Migrat. birds	CFP prohib.	National red list	EU red list	Global red list	Endemic species	Int. conv.	H.D. Annex I	CWR/ FRG	IAS Union	Other reason
	Apatura ilia											X				
6962	Bufotes viridis Complex		X													
5670	Hierophis viridiflavus		X									X				
5358	Hyla intermedia		X									X				
5179	Lacerta bilineata		X													
6976	Pelophylax esculentus			X												
1256	Podarcis muralis		X													
6182	Sympecma paedisca		X									X				
	Sympetrum depressiusculum							X								

Motivation: The motivation for listing additional species: H.D. Annex II = Species of Annex II Habitats Directive in SPA; H.D. Annex IV = Species of Annex IV Habitats Directive; H.D. Annex V = Species of Annex V Habitats Directive; B.D. Annex I = Bird species of Annex I Birds Directive in a pSCI, SCI, SAC; Migratory birds = Migratory bird species in a pSCI, SCI, SAC; CFP prohib. = Prohibited species of Annex I of the Technical Measures Regulation under the common fisheries policy (EU Regulation 2019/1241); Int conv. = Species listed/protected under international Conventions; H.D. Annex I = Typical species of Annex I habitat types; CWR/FRG = Crop Wild Relatives (CWR) / Forest Genetic Resources (FGR); IAS Union = Invasive alien species of Union concern (EU Regulation 1143/2014 on invasive alien species).

4. Site description

4.1 Site characteristics

Boschi di robinia e di latifolie autoctone di recente impianto cincondati da risaie l'area è inoltre attraversata da nord a sud dal torrente Elvo che crea ambienti fluviali interessanti. Sone presenti tracce di sabbie aurifere in prossimità del torrente.

4.2 Quality and importance of the site

Importante garzaia insediata su bosco ceduo prevalentemente a robinia.

4.3 Pressures on the site

4.3.1	4.3.2	4.3.3	4.3.4
Pressure code	Rank	Location	Further details
PI02	low	in	
PM07	low	in	

Pressure code: Pressure code

Rank: Relative importance of a pressure in the categories high, medium, low.

Location: Indicates where the pressure is located: in = within the site; out = outside of the site; inout = within and outside of the site.

4.3.5 Last update of the information on the pressures on the site

202512

4.4 Documentation

Barbieri F., Fasola M., 1984 - Incremento della popolazione nidificante di Airone cinereo (*Ardea cinerea*) in Italia. Avocetta; Barbieri F., Fasola M., Prigioni C., Bogliani G., 1979 - Le garzaie dell'Italia nord-occidentale, 1978. Avocetta; Boano G., 1976 - Gli Ardeidi nidificanti nelle garzaie piemontesi. Gli Uccelli d'Italia, 1: 129-131; Boano G., 1978 - Le garzaie del Piemonte. Osservazioni sulla biologia ed ecologia degli Ardeidi gregari. Tesi di Laurea in Scienze Naturali. (inedita); Camanni S. Tallone G. ? Alcuni aspetti del comportamento riproduttivo di ardeidi coloniali ? Laboratorio di etologia Università di Torino; Capra F., Galletti R., 1978 - Odonati di Piemonte e Valle d'Aosta. Ann. Mus. Civico St. Nat. G. Doria, Vol. LXXXII. Genova; Fasola M., Barbieri F., Prigioni C., Bogliani G., 1981 - Le Garzaie in Italia, 1981. Avocetta; GPSO, 1982/1995 - Resoconto ornitologico per la Regione Piemonte - Valle d'Aosta. Riv. Piem. St. Nat. N° 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15; Mingozzi T., Boano G., Pulcher C. e collab., 1988 - Atlante degli uccelli nidificanti in Piemonte e Val d'Aosta 1980 ? 1984. Mus. Reg. Scienze Nat. (Monografie VIII) Torino; Regione Piemonte. Servizio Parchi Naturali, 1990 - Speciale Garzaia di Carisio. Piemonte Parchi, n.4 (V): 14-19

4.4.1 Link(s)

4.4.2 Last update of the documentation information

202412

5. Site management

5.1 Body responsible for the site management

5.1.1 Name of the organization

Ente di gestione delle Aree protette del Ticino e del Lago Maggiore

5.1.2 Contact point in the organisation (optional)

No information provided

5.1.3 Postal address

Villa Picchetta - 28062 Cameri NO

5.1.4 Functional mailbox email address

info@parcoticinolagomaggiore.it

5.1.5 Website with contact information

No information provided

5.2 Management plans

5.2.1 Existence of management plan(s)

Yes

5.2.2 Reference and validity of the management plan(s)

Name of the plan	Link to the plan (URI)	Validity of the plan (start date)	Duration (number of months)
IT1120005 "Garzaia di Carisio" - Piano di gestione	http://www.regione.piemonte.it/parc-hi/cms/dati-territoriali-new/aree-protette-e-rn2000/pianificazione-e-norme.html		Undefined

5.2.3 Further explanations

5.3 Conservation measures

5.3.1 Detailed information on measures

Necessary conservation measures are included in the management plan(s)

Necessary conservation measures are described in the following document(s)

5.3.1.b Title	5.3.1.c Link to online resource
Deliberazione n.10-398/2024/XII del 21/11/2024	https://www.regione.piemonte.it/governo/bollettino/abbonati/2024/48/atta

Further explanations on detailed conservation measures

- Misure di conservazione per la tutela della Rete Natura 2000 del Piemonte - approvate con DGR 55-7222/2023/XI del 12 luglio 2023 - Format Obiettivi e Misure di conservazione sito-specifiche approvati con Deliberazione n.10-398/2024/XII del 21/11/2024 - Piano di gestione

5.3.2 Status of conservation measures

Are the necessary measures established?

Are the established measures implemented?

5.4 Management effectiveness

Is the effectiveness of the conservation measures periodically assessed?

Further explanations on detailed conservation measures

6. Geospatial representation of the site

6.1 INSPIRE identifier

6.1.1 Namespace

6.1.2 Local identifier

6.1.3 Version identifier (optional)